#### ALABAMA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT

IN THE MATTER OF:	)
Phil Harris Construction, Inc.	) ****Proposed**** ) ADMINISTRATIVE
Demolition – Moyer Ford Foley, Baldwin County, Alabama	) ORDER NO: 17AP

#### **FINDINGS**

Pursuant to the provisions of the Alabama Environmental Management Act, <u>Ala. Code</u> §§ 22-22A-1 to 22-22A-16 (2006 Rplc. Vol.), the Alabama Air Pollution Control Act, <u>Ala. Code</u> §§ 22-28-1 to 22-28-23 (2006 Rplc. Vol.), the Alabama Department of Environmental Management (hereinafter, the "Department" or "ADEM") Administrative Code of Regulations (hereinafter, "ADEM Admin. Code R.") promulgated pursuant thereto, and the federal Clean Air Act, 42 U.S.C. 7401 to 7671q, as amended, the Department makes the following FINDINGS:

- 1. Phil Harris Construction, Inc. (hereinafter, "Harris") is a project managing construction company based in Gulf Shores, Alabama, that was hired to demolish the Moyer Ford building (hereinafter, the "Site"), located at 2980 S McKenzie Street, Foley, Baldwin County, Alabama.
- 2. The Department is a duly constituted department of the State of Alabama pursuant to Ala. Code §§ 22-22A-1 to 22-22A-16 (2006 Rplc. Vol.).
- 3. Pursuant to <u>Ala. Code</u> § 22-22A-4(n) (2006 Rplc. Vol.), the Department is the state air pollution control agency for the purposes of the federal Clean Air Act, 42

- U.S.C. 7401 to 7671q, as amended. In addition, the Department is authorized to administer and enforce the provisions of the Alabama Air Pollution Control Act, <u>Ala. Code</u> §§ 22-28-1 to 22-28-23 (2006 Rplc. Vol.).
- 4. The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency's National Emission Standard for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP), found at 40 C.F.R. Part 61, Subpart M, is incorporated by reference in ADEM Admin. Code r. 335-3-11-.02(12).
- 5. 40 C.F.R. § 61.141 defines Regulated asbestos-containing material (RACM) as (a) Friable asbestos material, (b) Category I nonfriable ACM that has become friable, (c) Category I nonfriable ACM that will be or has been subjected to sanding, grinding, cutting, or abrading, or (d) Category II nonfriable ACM that has a high probability of becoming or has become crumbled, pulverized, or reduced to powder by the forces expected to act on the material in the course of demolition or renovation operations regulated by this subpart.
- 6. 40 C.F.R. § 61.145(a)(1) states that in a facility being demolished, all the requirements of paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section apply, except as provided in paragraph (a)(3) of this section, if the combined amount of RACM is at least 260 linear feet on pipes, at least 160 square feet on other facility components, or at least 35 cubic feet off facility components where the length or area could not be measured previously.
- 7. 40 C.F.R. § 61.145(b)(3)(i) requires the owner or operator of a demolition or renovation activity for a subject facility to provide written Notice of Intention to Demolish or Renovate (hereinafter, "Notice") at least ten workdays before demolition, asbestos stripping or removal work, or any other activity which disturbs the asbestos.

- 8. 40 C.F.R. § 61.145(c)(1) requires the removal of all RACM from a facility being demolished or renovated before any activity begins that would break up, dislodge, or similarly disturb the material or preclude access to the material for subsequent removal.
- 9. ADEM Admin. Code r. 335-3-11-.05(1) states that any person, firm, organization, or corporation who is the owner or operator of any asbestos removal project for which notification is required pursuant to the requirements of rule 335-3-11-.02(12) shall ensure that the parties executing the asbestos removal project are certified by the Department.
- 10. On February 8, 2017, the Department conducted an inspection of the Site and noted that it had been demolished without the Department receiving the required Notice, in violation of ADEM. Admin. Code r. 335-3-11-.02(12).
- 11. On February 10, 2017, the Department issued a Notice of Violation (NOV) to Harris based upon the February 8, 2017 inspection.
- 12. On April 17, 2017, Harris responded to the NOV stating that no asbestos survey was conducted by an Alabama Accredited Inspector prior to the demolition of Site, which began on January 31, 2017 and concluded on February 13, 2017. Harris stated that they did not submit the required Notice to the Department prior to the demolition.
- 13. Pursuant to <u>Ala. Code</u> § 22-22A-5(18)c., *as amended*, in determining the amount of any penalty, the Department must give consideration to the seriousness of the violation, including any irreparable harm to the environment and any threat to the health or safety of the public; the standard of care manifested by such person; the economic benefit which delayed compliance may confer upon such person; the nature, extent and degree of success of such person's efforts to minimize or mitigate the effects of such violation upon the environment; such person's history of previous violations; and the ability

of such person to pay such penalty. Any civil penalty assessed pursuant to this authority shall not exceed \$25,000.00 for each violation, provided however, that the total penalty assessed in an order issued by the Department shall not exceed \$250,000.00. Each day such violation continues shall constitute a separate violation. In arriving at this civil penalty, the Department has considered the following:

- A. SERIOUSNESS OF THE VIOLATION: Harris failed to submit the required Notice and the required asbestos inspection was not performed at the Site before it was demolished.
- B. THE STANDARD OF CARE: There appeared to be no care taken by Harris to comply with the applicable requirements of the ADEM Admin. Code R. 335-3-11-.02(12).
- C. ECONOMIC BENEFIT WHICH DELAYED COMPLIANCE MAY HAVE CONFERRED: Harris likely derived economic benefit by not properly removing asbestos containing materials before demolishing the Site.
- D. HISTORY OF PREVIOUS VIOLATIONS: Harris does not have any prior history with the Department for violating demolition/asbestos regulations.
- E. THE ABILITY TO PAY: Harris has not alleged an inability to pay the civil penalty.
- F. OTHER FACTORS: The Department has carefully considered the six statutory penalty factors enumerated in <u>Ala. Code</u> § 22-22A-5(18)c., *as amended*, as well as the need for timely and effective enforcement, and has concluded that a civil penalty herein is appropriate and consistent with the historical penalty range imposed by the Department for similar violations (*See* "Attachment A" which is hereby made a part of these Findings).

#### **ORDER**

Based upon the foregoing FINDINGS and pursuant to <u>Ala. Code</u> §§22-22A-5(10), 22-22A-5(12), 22-22-5(18), and 22-28-18 (2006 Rplc. Vol.), it is hereby ORDERED:

A. That, not later than forty-five days after the issuance of this Order, Harris shall pay to the Department a civil penalty in the amount of \$2,500.00 for the violations cited herein. Said penalty shall be made payable to the Alabama Department of Environmental Management by certified or cashier's check and shall be submitted to:

Office of General Counsel Alabama Department of Environmental Management P.O. Box 301463 Montgomery, Alabama 36130-1463

- B. That, immediately upon receipt of this Order and continuing thereafter, Harris shall ensure immediate and future compliance with 40 C.F.R. Part 61, Subpart M, as adopted in ADEM Admin. Code r. 335-3-11-.02, particularly as it applies to renovation and demolition operations.
- C. That, should any provision of this Order be declared by a court of competent jurisdiction or the Environmental Management Commission to be inconsistent with Federal or State law and therefore unenforceable, the remaining provisions hereof shall remain in full force and effect.
- D. Except as otherwise set forth herein, this Order is not and shall not be interpreted to be a permit or modification of an existing permit under federal, State or local law, and shall not be construed to waive or relieve Harris of their obligations to comply in the future with any permit or other written direction from the Department.

- E. That, issuance of this Administrative Order does not preclude the Department from seeking criminal fines or other appropriate sanctions or relief against Harris for the violations cited herein.
- F. That, failure to comply with the provisions of this Administrative Order shall constitute cause for commencement of legal action by the Department against Harris for recovery of additional civil penalties, criminal fines, or other appropriate sanctions or relief.

ORDERED	and ISSUED	this	day	of	,	201	17	7.

Lance R. LeFleur, Director Alabama Department of Environmental Management 1400 Coliseum Boulevard Montgomery, Alabama 36110-2059 (334) 271-7700

## CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I, Ronald W. Gore, do hereby certify that I have served this Proposed Administrative Order upon the person(s) listed below by sending the same, postage paid, through the United States Mail 91 7199 9991 7037 0286 2807 with instructions to forward and return receipt, to:

Mr. Phil Harris Phil Harris Construction, Inc. P.O. Box 2589 Gulf Shores, Alabama 36547

DONE this the 22<sup>nd</sup> day of May, 2017.

Ronald W. Gore Chief - Air Division Alabama Department of Environmental Management

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## ATTACHMENT A

# Phil Harris Construction, Inc.

# Demolition – Moyer Ford Foley, Baldwin County

Violation*	Number of Violations*	Seriousness of Violation*	Standard of Care*	History of Previous Violations*	
Failure to comply with the Department's requirements for notification	1	\$1,000	\$500	\$0	
					Total of Three Factors
TOTAL PER	FACTOR	\$1,000	\$500	\$0	\$1,500

Adjustments to Amou Penalty	nt of Initial
Mitigating Factors (-)	
Ability to Pay (-)	
Other Factors (+/-)	
Total Adjustments (+/-) Enter at Right	\$0

Economic Benefit (+)	\$1,000
Amount of Initial Penalty	\$2,500
Total Adjustments (+/-)	\$0
FINAL PENALTY	\$2,500.00

### **Footnotes**

<sup>\*</sup> See the "Department's Findings" portion of the Order for a detailed description of each violation and the penalty factors.